Novel Visible-Light-Sensitive Photocatalyt for Indoor Environmental Purification

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Efficient visible-light-sensitive photocatalyst has been developed based on the Cu(II) or Fe(III) nanoclusters grafted titanium dioxide (TiO₂). We adopt the two novel concepts for developing the efficient photocatalysts, *i. e.* interfacial charge transfer for visible light absorption and multi-electrons reduction of oxygen molecules.¹⁻¹⁰ When the nanoclusters of Cu(II) or Fe(III) amorphous oxides are grafted onto the TiO₂ surface, electrons in the valence band of TiO₂ can be excited to the surface nanoclusters through the interface under visible light irradiation. Excited holes in the valence band of TiO₂ have strong oxidative activities and can decompose organic contaminants or bacteria, while the electrons in Cu(II) or Fe(III) nanoclusters react with oxygen molecules through the efficient multielectrons reduction process. The quantum efficiency of our optimized photocatalyst achieves over 90 % under visible light irradiation.⁹ The nanoclusters grafted TiO₂ causes efficient photocatalytic oxidation activity and super-hydrophilic conversion even under indoor light illumination like commercial white fluorescent bulb or white light emitting diode (LED). Our photocatalysts exhibited significant air purification, self-cleaning, and anti-pathogenic effects under regular indoor lighting. We have also conducted the field test at hospitals and international airports to confirm the excellent anti-bacterial and deodorization properties of our photocatalysts at indoor building environment.

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